Alaska Mental Health Trust Fund

Investment Operations Orientation

January 2015

Treasury Division Organizational Overview

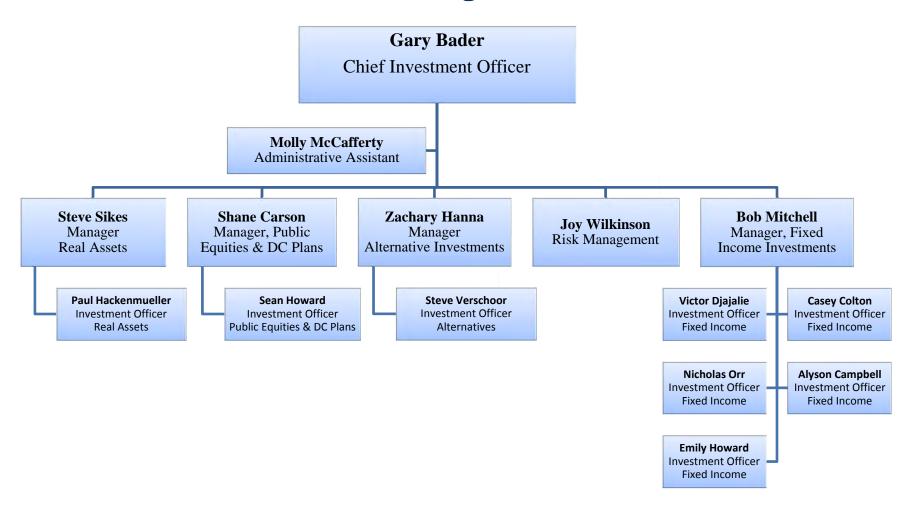
Compliance Officer Cash Manager • Ensures investments meet policies • Oversees cash receipts & expenditures • Identifies and reports exceptions • Sets daily cash availability • Resource for industry compliance and • Notifies portfolio to maximize invested cash regulations Director Chief Investment Officer Comptroller • Act as "Prudent Expert" Asset accounting • Manage investment policies and monitor • Information technology results • Operations support Avoid conflicts of interest

Department of Revenue Investments

Manages \$49.57 billion (as of December 31, 2014)

- ARMB = \$27.57 billion (14 funds)
- DOR Commissioner = \$21.74 billion (32 funds)
- Other = \$257.6 million (3 funds)

Portfolio Management Section



Standard of Care for DOR Commissioner

AS 37.10.071 (c) states, "(c) In exercising investment, custodial, or depository powers or duties under this section, the fiduciary of a state fund shall apply the prudent investor rule and exercise the fiduciary duty in the sole financial best interest of the fund entrusted to the fiduciary. Among beneficiaries of a fund, the fiduciaries shall treat beneficiaries with impartiality."

Fiduciary Duty - a legal duty to act solely in another party's interests.

AS 13.36.225 to 13.36.290 - defines prudent investor in statute

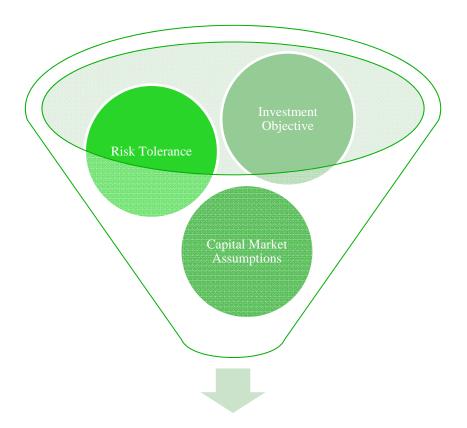
Standard of Care Applicable to State Funds

- Determine the missions and objectives of each fund.
- Choose an appropriate asset allocation strategy for each fund.
- Establish investment policies consistent with each fund's objective.
- Select investment managers for each fund to implement the investment policy.
- Diversify assets in light of pertinent risk/return objectives.
- Use "prudent experts" to make investment decisions.
- Control investment expense.
- Monitor the activities of all investment managers and consultants.
- Avoid conflicts of interest.
- For assets held in trust, take actions with respect to those assets for the sole benefit of the trust beneficiaries.

Available Investment Options

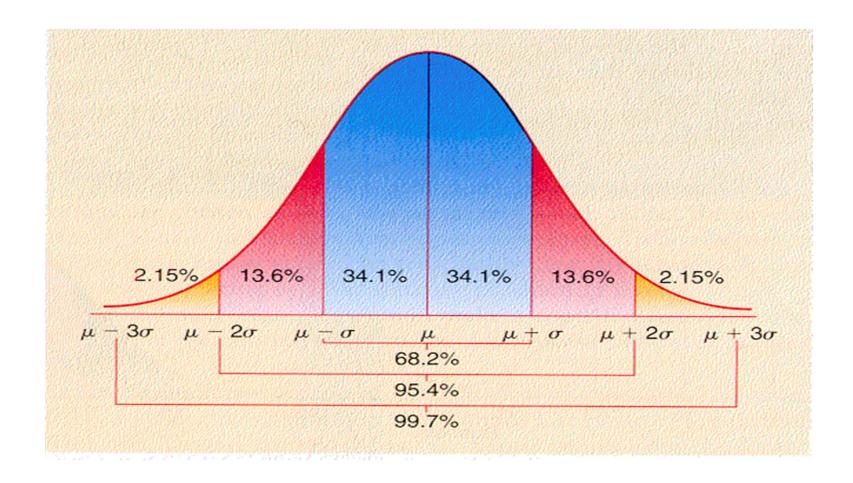
- Fixed Income
 - Short-term Fixed Income Pool (\$7.3 billion)
 - Intermediate Fixed Income Pool (\$3.8 billion)
 - Broad Market Fixed Income Pool (\$5. 1 billion)
- Domestic Equities (\$3.7 billion)
 - Passive
- International Equities (\$1.9 billion)
 - Passive
 - Active

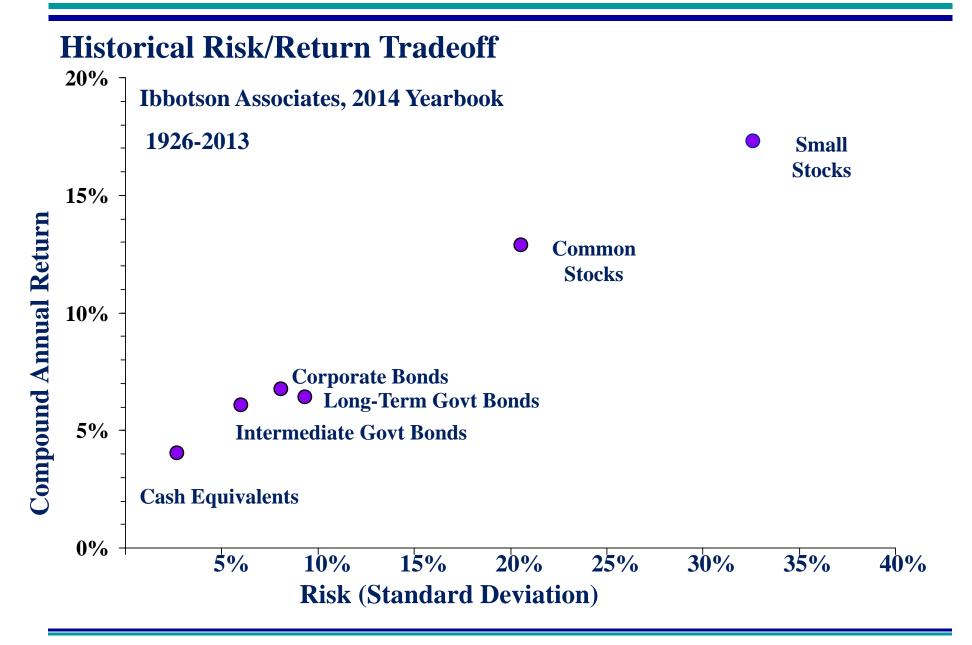
Asset Allocation Decision



Set of "Efficient Portfolios"

Normal Curve and Standard Deviation





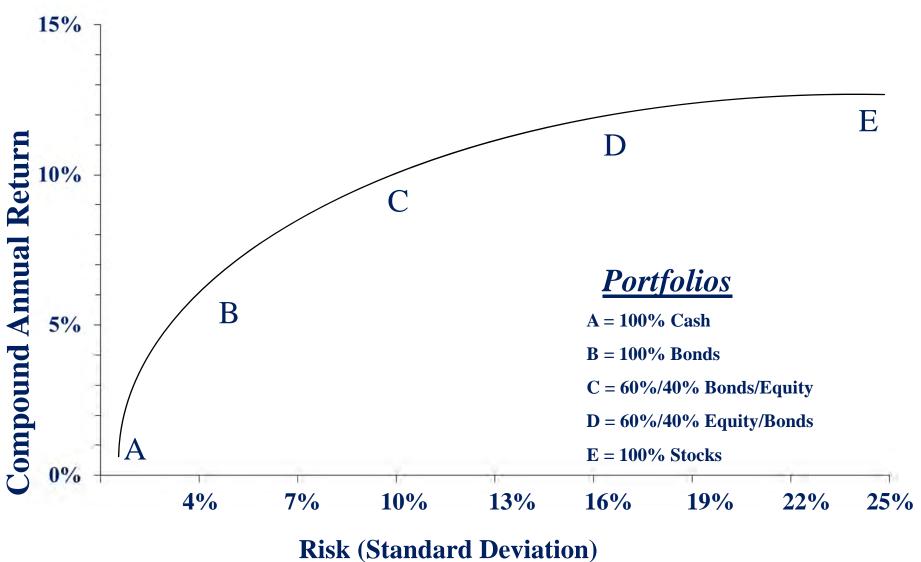
Correlation of Asset Class Returns

Ibbotson Associates, 2014 Yearbook

1926 to 2013

	Large Stocks	Small Stocks	1		Int Govt Bonds	US <u>T-Bills</u>	
Large Stocks	1.00						
Small Stocks	0.80	1.00					
LT Corp Bonds	0.14	0.05	1.00				
LT Govt Bonds	01	10	0.89	1.00			
Int Govt Bonds	04	12	0.87	0.89	1.00		
US T-Bills	02	10	0.17	0.20	0.46	1.00	





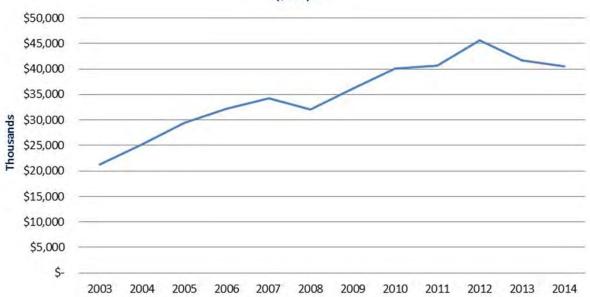
History of Alaska Mental Health Trust Fund

- April 2003: Alaska Mental Health Trust Authority (AMHTA) staff met with DOR Treasury staff to discuss possibility of Treasury investing some of the trust settlement income account.
- May 2003: AMHTA Board approves motion to invest in DOR Treasury's Intermediate-Term Fixed Income Investment Pool. AMHTA remains fiduciary.
- September 2003: the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation transferred \$20,963,600 to DOR for investment in the Intermediate-Term Fixed Income Investment Pool.
- August 2006: AMHTA adopted an asset allocation consisting of 30% Broad Market Fixed Income, 45% Domestic Equity Pool, 15% International Equity Pool and 10% Short-Term Fixed Income Pool.
- November 2008: AMHTA adopted an asset allocation consisting of 29% Broad Market Fixed Income, 40% Domestic Equity Pool, 21% International Equity Pool and 10% Short-Term Fixed Income Pool.

Market Value Over Time

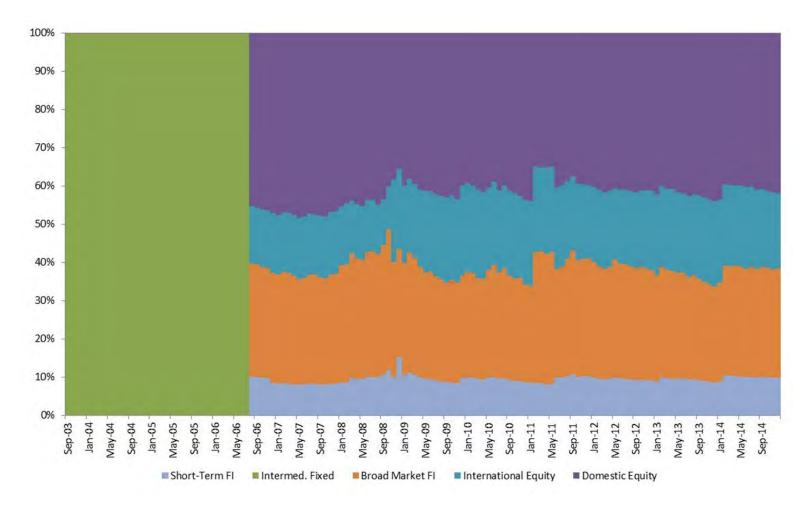


(\$000)



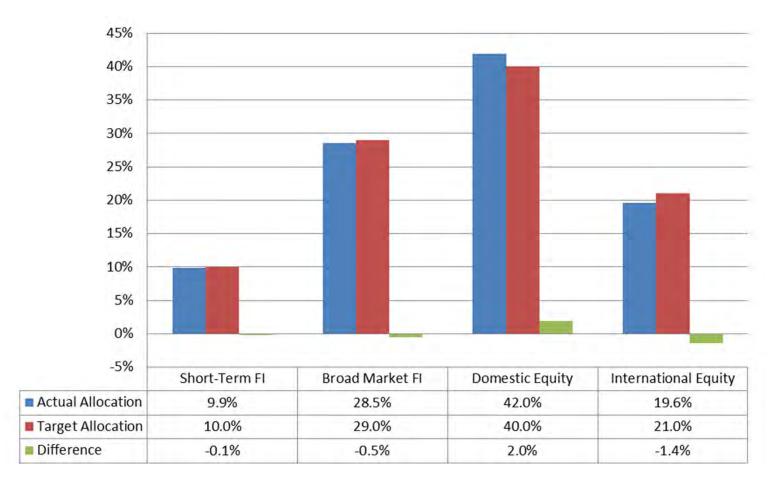
Date	Market Value					
December 31, 2003	\$ 21,316,414					
December 31, 2004	\$ 25,249,200					
December 31, 2005	\$ 29,415,543					
December 31, 2006	\$ 32,164,880					
December 31, 2007	\$ 34,236,926					
December 31, 2008	\$ 32,004,231					
December 31, 2009	\$ 36,086,941					
December 31, 2010	\$ 40,017,690					
December 31, 2011	\$ 40,729,317					
December 31, 2012	\$ 45,605,792					
December 31, 2013	\$ 41,612,905					
December 31, 2014	\$ 40,480,812					

Asset Allocation Over Time



Department of Revenue

Asset Allocation versus Target

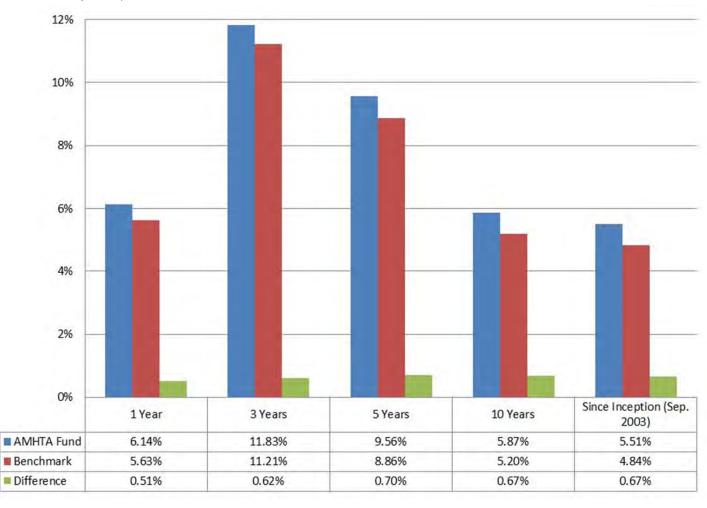


Asset Allocation versus Efficient Frontier

FY15 Asset Allocation	Cons	traints	Asset Mix Alternatives									
Asset Classes	Min	Max	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Domestic Equity	0%	100%	36.0%	36.8%	37.6%	38.9%	40.0%	41.1%	42.0%	42.9%	44.0%	45.1%
International Equity	0%	100%	18.5%	19.3%	20.0%	20.3%	20.9%	21.4%	22.0%	22.7%	23.3%	23.7%
Broad-Market Fixed Income	0%	100%	35.6%	34.0%	32.3%	30.7%	29.1%	27.5%	25.9%	24.3%	22.7%	21.1%
Intermediate-Term Fixed Income	0%	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-Term Fixed Income	10%	10%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Total			100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Projected 10 Year Return			5.93%	6.00%	6.07%	6.14%	6.21%	6.28%	6.35%	6.41%	6.48%	6.54%
Expected Risk (Standard Deviation)			10.14%	10.44%	10.74%	11.04%	11.34%	11.64%	11.94%	12.24%	12.54%	12.84%
Sharpe Ratio			0.39	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.35

Performance

(through December 31, 2014)



Performance

(through December 31, 2014)



Performance

(through December 31, 2014)



For more information, check out our web site:

http://treasury.dor.alaska.gov/Investments/MentalHealthTrustFund.aspx